6.1

The Future Tense

Focuses on predicting and planning.

- Plan a trip

Polite Commands

Focuses on instructions and requests.

- Ask for help

Conversational Integration

Focuses on mixing all tenses in real time.

- Tell a short story

6.2

Ir a + Infinitive	The Simple Future
Everyday Spoken	Slightly more formal Common in writing Promises and predictions
voy a viajar	One-word structure

Both forms are correct; you will encounter both in native speech.

6.3

[Whole Infinitive] + [-é, -ás, -á, -emos, -éis, -án] = [Simple Future]

The same endings work for all three verb families.

-ar	-er	-ir
hablar	comer	vivir
hablaré, hablarás, hablará, hablaremos, hablaréis, hablarán	comeré	viviré

6.4

12 common verbs have irregular future stems, but use the exact same endings.

Tener → tendr-	**salir → saldr-**	**venir → vendr-**
poner → pondr-	**poder → podr-**	**querer → querr-**
saber → sabr-	**hacer → har-**	**decir → dir-**

Examples (*Stem + Ending*):

tendré	**saldré**	**haré**	**diré**

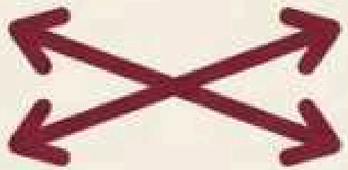
6.5

Promises	**Mañana te llamaré** *Tomorrow I will call you*
Predictions	**Mi hermana llegará a las ocho** *My sister will arrive at eight* **Lloverá el domingo** *It will rain on Sunday*
Near Future (via Present Tense)	**Mañana voy al médico** *Tomorrow I am going to the doctor*

6.6

Ustedes Modifier: Add ‘n’
hablen, coman, escriban

Polite Commands (Usted/Ustedes)

1. Yo form	2. Drop the ‘o’	3. Add opposite vowel
hablo →	habl- →	Opposite Vowel Crossing Diagram  **-ar** points to **e** (hable) **-er/-ir** points to **a** (coma, escriba)

Hable más despacio, por favor. *Speak more slowly, please.*

6.7

Irregular Formal Commands

Infinitive	Command
dar	dé
estar	esté
ir	vaya
ser	sea
saber	sepa

Usage Examples

Vaya a la izquierda	*go left*

You will hear **vaya** constantly when asking directions.

Sea amable	*be kind*

6.8

Affirmative Commands



Dígame

(tell me)

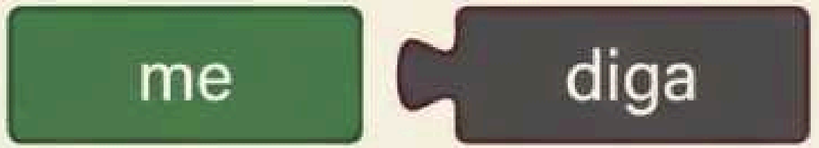
Written accent added to keep the stress.



Cómprelo

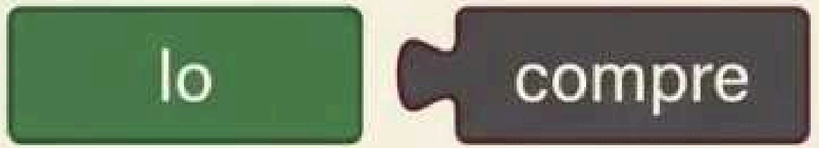
(buy it)

Negative Commands

No 

No me diga

(do not tell me)

No 

No lo compre

(do not buy it)

6.9

Informal (**tú**) commands in the affirmative match the él/ella form of the present tense.

habla	come	escribe

ven	**di**	**sal**	**haz**
ten	**ve**	**pon**	**sé**

Ven aquí *come here*

Haz la tarea *do the homework*

6.10

[Negative tú command] = [Opposite Vowel] + [**s**]

No hables

No comas

No escribas

No me llames tan tarde — *do not call me so late*

Friendly Requests

A friendly request often combines a command with **por favor**, or changes entirely into a question.

¿puedes ayudarme? — *can you help me?*

6.11

Polite requests soften commands and make your Spanish sound gracious in any country.

¿Podría ayudarme?	*Could you help me*
Quisiera un café	*I would like a coffee*
¿Le importaría cerrar la ventana?	*Would you mind closing the window*

Add *por favor* for constant utility.

6.12 Hotel Conversation

Guest	**Buenas tardes. Tengo una reserva a nombre de Smith.** *Good afternoon. I have a reservation under the name of Smith.*

Clerk	**Sí, señor. ¿Me da su pasaporte, por favor?** *Yes, sir. Could you give me your passport, please?*

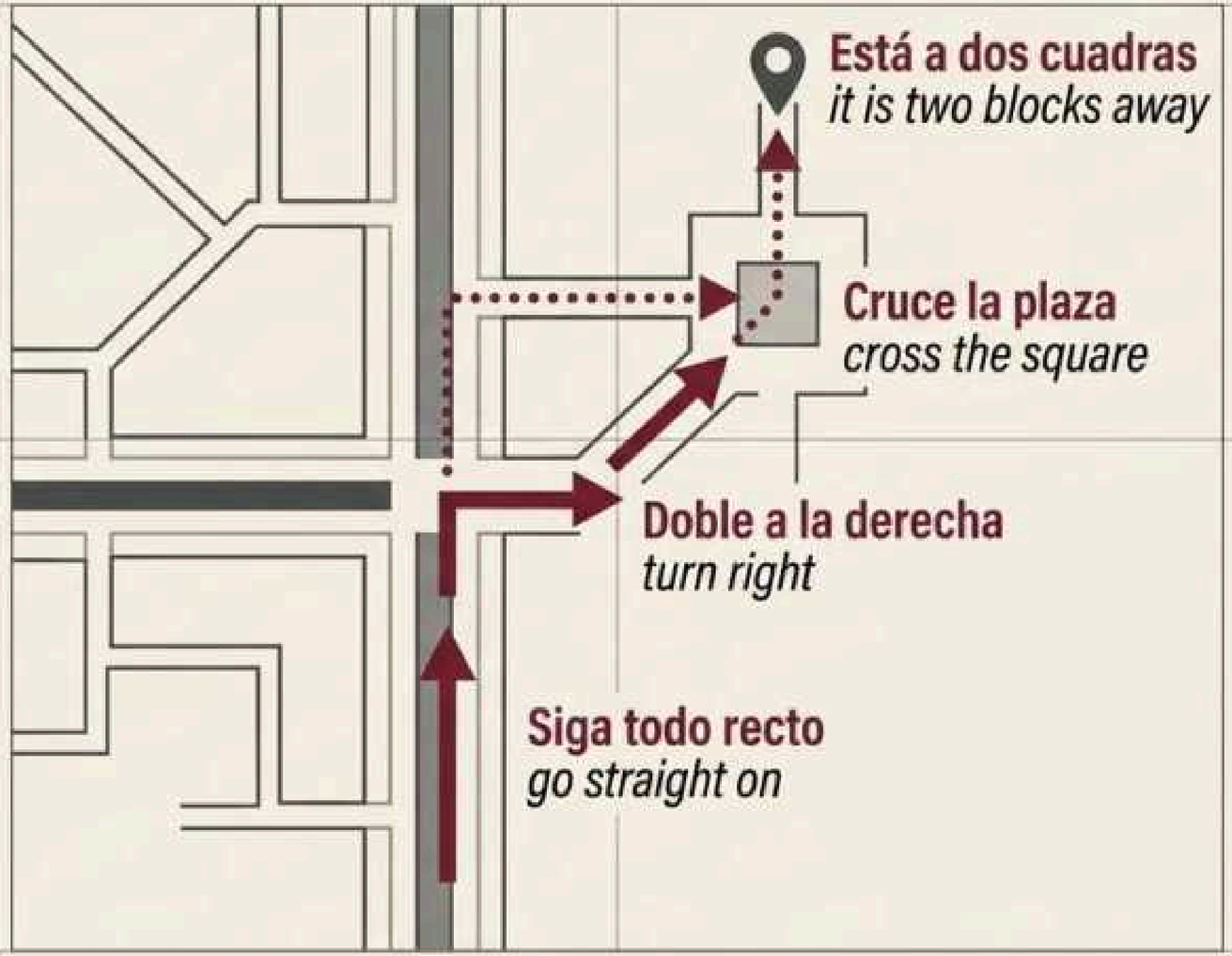
Guest	**Aquí lo tiene.** *Here you have it.*

Clerk
Su habitación está en el segundo piso. Suba por la escalera. *Your room is on the second floor. Go up by the stairs.*

6.13 Medical Conversation

Patient (Pronoun Focus)	Doctor (Command Focus)
Me duele la cabeza *My head hurts*	**Descanse** *rest*
Me duelen los pies *My feet hurt*	**Beba mucha agua** *drink a lot of water*
Tengo fiebre *I have a fever*	**Tome esta medicina** *take this medicine*

6.14



Practise these with an imaginary map of your own street.

6.15 Putting It Together

Block 1

A	**¿Qué hiciste el verano pasado?** *What did you do last summer?*

Past tense

Block 2

Fui a Chile con mi familia. Cuando llegamos, hacía frío, pero era muy bonito. *I went to Chile with my family. When we arrived, it was cold, but it was very beautiful.*	B

Preterite/Imperfect Past

Block 3

A	**¿Y qué harás este verano?** *And what will you do this summer?*

Simple Future

Block 4

Voy a visitar a mis abuelos, y quizás viajaré a México. *I am going to visit my grandparents, and maybe I will travel to Mexico.*	B

Ir a Future & Simple Future

Good speakers switch temporal angles freely within a single exchange.